



NAME:

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COMPANY INFORMATION

ACN

120 646 924

ABN

21 120 646 924

DIRECTORS

Anthony Kiernan (Chairman)

Michael Young (Managing Director)

Steven Chadwick Terrence Ransted Garth Higgo

SECRETARY

Lindsay Colless

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ASX Limited

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ASX CODE

BCI

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CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

Dear Shareholders,

Following completion of its \$6m capital raising and subsequent listing on ASX in December 2006, BC Iron immediately commenced carrying out the business plan set out in the Prospectus issued in conjunction with the capital raising.

Following receipt of heritage clearances, drilling commenced in April 2007 on the Bonnie Creek and Nullagine River palaeochannels, being two of the three main areas within the Nullagine Project.

Results of the drilling, which at this stage has been wide spaced, have been very encouraging and when coupled with mapping and conceptual geology outlines exploration targets comprising some 30-70Mt of direct shipping quality iron ore (DSO) grading between 55-58% Fe.

The early exploration focus has been on the Bonnie Creek and Nullagine River palaeochannels, particularly at the Outcamp and Coongan Well Prospects. Reconnaissance drilling at Shaw River commenced in October 2007.

The Memorandum of Understanding ("MoU") executed during the year with BC Iron's near neighbour, Fortescue Metals Group Limited, although non-binding on both parties, is important, given the need for suitable infrastructure for iron ore projects. Extending the MoU to possible future discussions regarding mine gate sales underlines the options available to BC Iron should its project enter production.

Strong support for BC Iron has seen a good appreciation in its share price since listing, which no doubt is very encouraging to all shareholders.

The Board records its appreciation to the Managing Director, Mike Young and his staff, for the diligent and enthusiastic manner in which they have gone about pursuing the Company's business plan of aggressive and focused exploration on the Nullagine Project.

Further detail on activities to date, and the future work plans, are outlined in the Review of Operations in this Annual Report.

This has been a good year for BC Iron, and we look forward to continuing our exploration focus with a view to completing initial resource estimates at the Outcamp and Coongan Well Prospects in early 2008.

Yours faithfully.

Anthony Kiernan,

Chairman.





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REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

2006/2007 Year Highlights

The Company's Nullagine Iron Ore Project is located in the Pilbara region of Western Australia. It lies immediately north of Fortescue Metals Group Limited's ("Fortescue") Chichester Project comprising the Cloud Break, and Christmas Creek deposits. Fortescue are currently constructing a major port facility at Port Hedland together with rail haulage from Cloud Break.

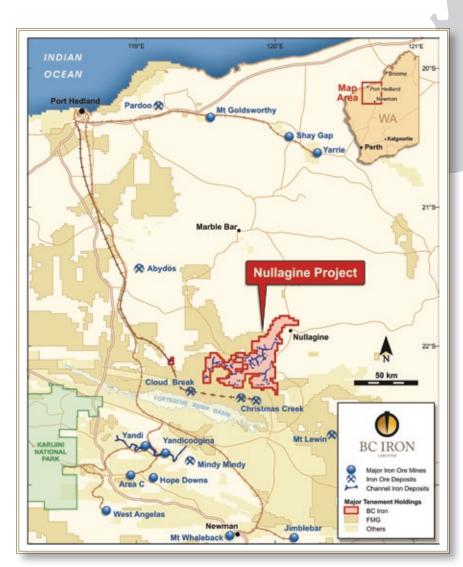


Figure 1. Nullagine – Regional Location

Broome

Port Hedland

Newman

2006/2007 Year Highlights (Cont'd)

Since listing on the ASX in December 2006, BC Iron Limited has:

- commenced exploration drilling on the Channel Iron Deposits (CID) in April 2007
- discovered several zones comprising high grade
 CID ore with low contaminants suitable for direct shipping
- outlined an exploration target of between 30-70Mt of direct-shipping quality ore grading between 55-58% Fe
- completed joint venture obligations to earn-in 100% of the Project
- signed an MoU with Fortescue covering future options such as provision of bulk commodity transport services, mine gate sales and joint venture arrangements
- sustained strong support for its share price
- conducted operations safely and without incident from its base camp at Bonney Downs
- successfully obtained the required Native Title Heritage approvals
- conducted a LIDAR (Laser radar) topographic survey to capture accurate terrain data for use in resource estimates and feasibility work; and
- entered into joint venture with Vaalbara Resources
 Pty Ltd which will explore for Witwatersrand-style
 diamond and uranium mineralisation on three of
 BC Iron's tenements

BC Iron commenced reverse circulation ("RC") drilling at its Nullagine Project in April 2007 and completed 208 holes for 5,096m on the Bonnie Creek and Nullagine River palaeochannels. Several other areas, including parts of the Bonnie Creek and the entire Shaw River palaeochannel are still to be drilled. Both areas are highly prospective with a good chance of discovering further deposits of high-grade material.

Exploration is initially being carried out on a broad scale, aimed at identifying areas within the palaeochannels which have the potential to produce direct-shipping quality iron ore ("DSO") product. DSO is iron ore which can be mined and shipped to buyers with little or no preparation except normal crushing and screening. Specific DSO grades vary and are dependent on the characteristics of the ore and specific needs of the customers. To date, exploration targets comprising 30-70Mt of DSO grading 55-58% Fe have been outlined by broad spaced drilling, mapping and conceptual geology. Also, several areas have been identified which contain lower grade material which may be amenable to selective mining or simple beneficiation, to produce additional sources of DSO.

During the reconnaissance stages of exploration, BC Iron is using small, low-impact reverse circulation ("RC") rigs and helicopter supported diamond core drilling rigs to reduce the impact on the environment.

BC Iron has earned 100% interest in the underlying tenements of the Project by satisfying the conditions set out in the joint venture agreements with Alkane Resources Ltd (formerly Alkane Exploration Ltd) and with Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Consolidated Minerals Limited.

BC Iron Limited has entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MoU") with Fortescue for the provision of bulk commodity transport from Fortescue's Chichester Project to Port Hedland. In the event that BC Iron carries out a successful Bankable Feasibility Study ("BFS"), the Parties will seek to agree to commercial terms on which The Pilbara Infrastructure, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fortescue, may provide BC Iron with rail haulage, port handling and ship loading facilities at a rate to be determined during the BFS. Furthermore, the Parties have also agreed to consider other arrangements such as joint ventures, mine gate sales or any other arrangements reasonably agreed to between the Parties.



The Nullagine Project Palaeochannels

Channel Iron Deposits ("CID's") form one of the main sources of iron ore exported from the Pilbara region of WA. Approximately 40% of iron ore exports during 2007 are expected to be sourced from the CIDs at Yandicoogina (BHPB and RIO) and Robe River (RIO). Other notable CIDs which are not yet in production are Consolidated Minerals' Mindy Mindy deposit and Aquila Resources Limited's Western Pilbara deposits.

BC Iron's CIDs at Nullagine can be grouped into three distinctive Project areas: the Bonnie Creek (pBC), the Nullagine River (pNR) and the Shaw River (pSR) palaeochannels.

CIDs formed from the erosion and deposition of ironrich rock and iron-rich laterite into ancient river channels ("palaeochannels"). These were subsequently filled and then covered by mature, tropical vegetation during the Tertiary geological period, some 35 million years ago. During this event, iron was remobilised and concentrated at, or near the tops of, the palaeochannels as pisolites. Subsequently, recent erosion by the modern day drainage dissected the ancient landforms leaving mesas, flat topped hills, and low rolling hills. The outcrops of CID range from being continuously connected for almost their entire length as at pBC, to isolated mesas several hundred metres apart at pNR to several kilometres apart at pSR.

The palaeochannels at Nullagine can be traced over a combined length of 90km and are up to 35m thick. They comprise a 10 – 20m thick lower zone dominated by sandy clays and weathered basalt conglomerates. This is overlain by pisolitic iron units containing fossilised wood and in some places, fine-grained dolomite on the flanks of the channels.

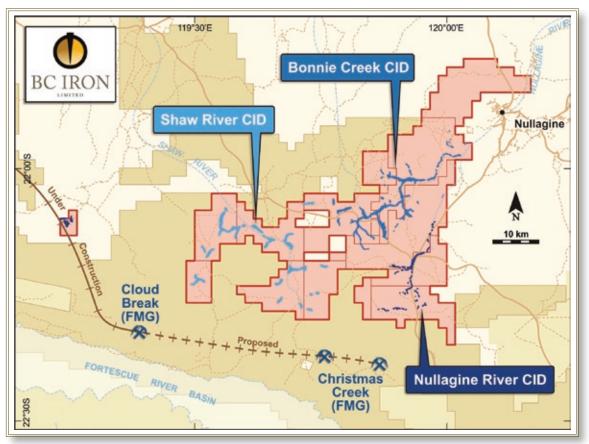


Figure 2. Nullagine – Tenement and Project Location



Drilling during the year comprised 174 RC holes for 4,317m. The results to date confirm that DSO is present in sufficient quantities to indicate that additional drilling and mining studies may result in a profitable operation at Nullagine.

Significantly, it has been established that most of the Bonnie Creek channel has some degree of iron mineralisation. The quantity and grades vary from DSO quality to material which may be amenable to either selective mining or beneficiation to produce an additional source of DSO.

There are 11 separate prospect areas at Bonnie Creek, seven of which have been drilled. Results to date from four of these confirm the presence of significant amounts of iron ore with low contaminants. These are: Outcamp Well, Coongan Well, Bonnie Creek Central, and Bonnie Creek East. Furthermore, this mineralisation is hosted at, or near the surface of, mesas and hills. This presents an opportunity for low-cost mining with relatively minor environmental impact.

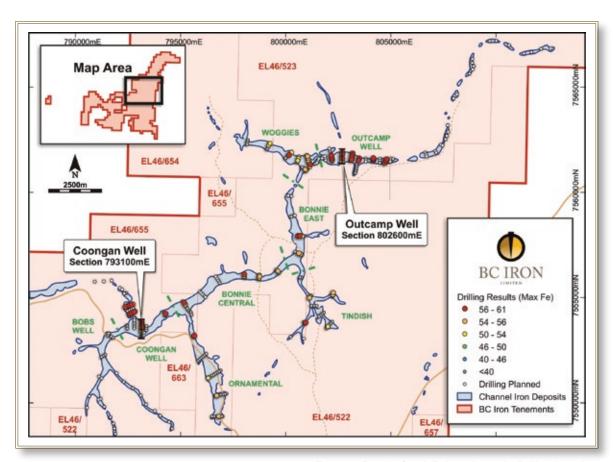
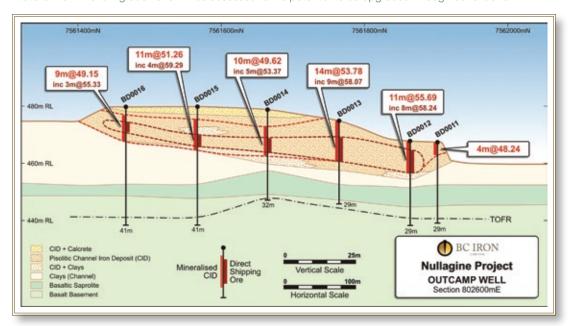


Figure 3. Bonnie Creek Palaeochannel - Drilling Location

Bonnie Creek Palaeochannel (Cont'd)

Outcamp Well DSO Prospect

The Outcamp Well DSO Prospect comprises the easternmost CID to be drilled to date on the Bonnie Creek palaeosystem. The prospect is approximately 3.5km long with an average width of 300m, comprising CID intersections of up to 15m with an average thickness of 8m. As shown in the section below, higher grade CID is hosted within a wider zone of lower grade CID. Material from the low grade zone will be assessed for its potential to be upgraded through beneficiation.



Better intersections from Outcamp Well include:

Figure 4 . Outcamp Well Prospect – Cross Section

Hole ID	From	То	Length	Fe %	CaFe %	SiO ₂ %	Al ₂ O ₃ %	P %	S %	LOI %
BD0002	0	8	8	57.2	64.5	3.77	2.45	0.03	0.02	11.4
BD0004	0	7	7	57.2	64.8	2.96	2.90	0.02	0.02	11.7
BD0005	0	6	6	59.2	66.4	2.47	1.41	0.02	0.02	10.9
BD0006	0	7	7	59.2	66.9	2.48	0.98	0.02	0.02	11.5
BD0009	9	14	5	58.7	66.4	1.87	1.68	0.01	0.01	11.6
BD0012	3	11	8	58.2	66.2	2.24	1.03	0.01	0.01	12.0
BD0013	5	14	9	58.1	66.0	2.50	1.00	0.01	0.01	12.0
BD0015	10	14	4	59.3	67.2	1.58	0.88	0.01	0.01	11.7
BD0017	2	11	9	58.4	65.8	3.15	1.60	0.02	0.02	11.3
BD0018	1	11	10	57.0	64.3	3.96	2.22	0.01	0.02	11.4
BD0184	0	11	11	57.2	64.9	3.41	1.12	0.01	0.01	11.9
BD0186	5	15	10	57.6	65.5	2.73	0.83	0.01	0.01	12.1

CaFe (Calcined Fe) calculated by the formula CaFe% = ((Fe%) / (100 - LOI%)) x 100





Coongan Well DSO Prospect

The Coongan Well Prospect lies on a spur of the Bonnie Creek palaeosystem and comprises a series of flat-topped, steepwalled mesas partially dissected by the modern-day Coongan River.

Mineralisation occurs in two large outcrops of approximately 1.8km combined length with an average width of 450m. The CID at Coongan varies in thickness but is up to 14m thick and comprises interbedded DSO and sub-DSO material with calcrete and clay-rich CID overburden ranging from 0 to 5m thickness.

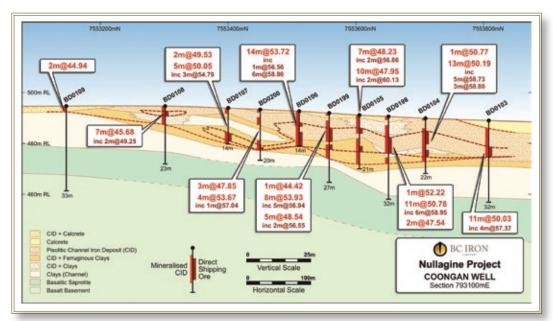


Figure 5. Coongan Well Prospect - Cross Section

Better intersections from Coongan Well include:

Hole ID	From	То	Length	Fe %	CaFe %	SiO ₂ %	$\text{Al}_{2}\text{O}_{3}\%$	P %	S %	LOI %
BD0103	10	14	4	57.4	65.2	1.92	1.88	0.01	0.02	11.2
BD0104	5	10	5	58.7	66.4	2.17	1.16	0.01	0.02	11.6
BD0106	8	14	6	58.9	66.7	1.94	1.32	0.01	0.02	11.2
BD0170	3	9	6	58.4	66.4	1.85	1.38	0.01	0.02	12.1
BD0171	3	12	9	59.3	67.1	1.82	1.29	0.01	0.02	11.6
BD0173	5	10	5	57.7	65.8	1.69	1.79	0.01	0.02	12.3
BD0174	4	11	7	57.8	65.9	1.85	1.61	0.01	0.02	12.3
BD0175	2	8	6	58.5	66.5	1.87	1.31	0.01	0.02	12.0
BD0198	8	14	6	59.0	66.8	1.96	1.07	0.01	0.33	11.8
BD0201	0	7	7	57.6	65.4	2.87	1.69	0.02	0.19	11.8



Bonnie Creek Palaeochannel (Cont'd)

Bonnie Creek East & Bonnie Creek Central Prospects

Drilling to date has identified an iron-rich mineralised zone within the CID between 100 to 200m wide which extends from Coongan Well to just south of Outcamp Well (Figure 3), a distance of approximately 12km. Grades and thicknesses vary, however this zone includes material which may be amenable to upgrade and/or selective mining to produce an alternate source of DSO.

Tindish, Woggies, Ornamental, Bonnie Creek West Prospects

Drilling at these prospects identified thin, shallow channels with minor amounts of pisolitic hematite and goethite. In the case of Woggies and Ornamental, the channels lay over a much wider outcrop of pisolitic to nodular laterite which formed on tholeiitic basalt.





Drilling during the year comprised 34 RC holes for 709m. The grades of the CIDs vary, however are predominantly sub-DSO quality which may be amenable to either beneficiation or selective mining to produce additional DSO source feed to any potential operation.

There are three separate prospect areas at Nullagine River. These include Dandy Well and Cattle Well Prospect comprising several isolated mesas and rounded hills. Only the largest of the outcrops at Dandy Well and Cattle Well were investigated with RC drilling.

A third area, Soda Springs, lies 5km to the south of Cattle Well and is considered a low priority target owing to its small size.

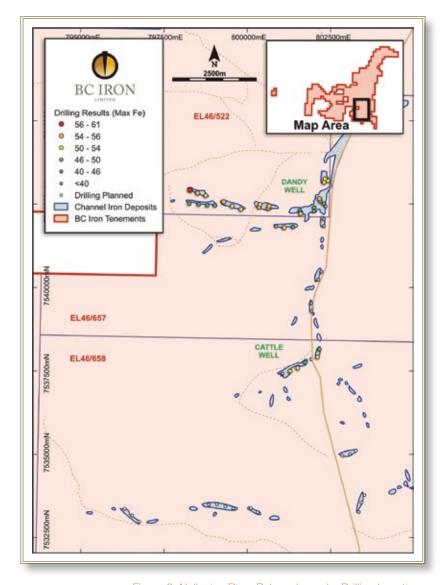


Figure 6. Nullagine River Palaeochannel – Drilling Location



Shaw River Palaeochannel

The Shaw River palaeochannel system was subjected to more modern-day erosion than the more continuous, and less eroded, Bonnie Creek palaeochannel. This has resulted in a range of discontinuous, flat topped hills which follow the ancient river channel. Several of the hills form prominent mesa outcrops with iron stained, steep-sided walls.

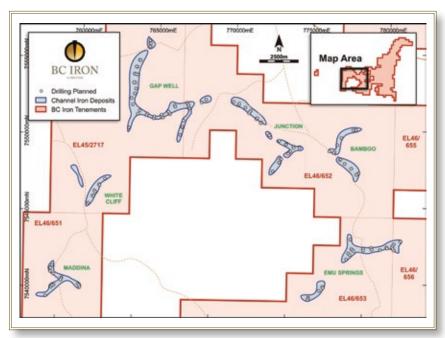


Figure 7. Shaw River Palaeochannel – Proposed Drilling Location

The Shaw River outcrops extend cumulatively for some 40km and comprise six separate prospects.

Reconnaissance drilling at Shaw River is expected to commence in October 2007. Originally planned for June, the extreme cyclonic activity during March 2007 caused unavoidable delays in obtaining heritage approvals for the area. Field examination of the outcrops indicate there is good potential to discover further deposits of DSO at Shaw River. As outlined in BC Iron's Prospectus, results of surface sampling along the eastern parts of the CID average 55.8% Fe (62.7% CaFe), 3.79% SiO₂, 4.20% Al₂O₃, 0.03% P, 0.04% S and 11.0% LOI.

As part of the Company's commitment to minimising the impact of regional exploration, a helicopter-supported diamond rig will be trialled, and if successful, used to drill at several locations where access is difficult due to the steepness of those CID outcrops.





During the remainder of 2007, approximately 200 holes for 5,000m will be drilled to complete the reconnaissance programs at Shaw River and Bonnie Creek palaeochannels. This will include prospects to the east of Outcamp Well (Bonnie East and Warrigal Well), targeting highly prospective iron-enriched CID outcrops which are the eastern extension of Outcamp style mineralisation.

An additional 40 holes for 1,000m of RC and diamond core (DD) drilling are planned for Outcamp Well and Coongan Well Prospects during October 2007. The additional drilling will provide the required data to allow BC Iron to complete a Mineral Resource estimate by early 2008.

Once the drilling programs and resource estimates at Coongan and Outcamp Well Prospects are complete, BC Iron will carry out a Scoping Study during early 2008 to assess the commercial viability of each of the prospects. The outcome of this Study will determine the Company's course of action at Nullagine for the next 12 to 18 months. It is envisaged this will include infill drilling to Indicated and Measured Resource status of the defined DSO prospects, and commencement of a definitive feasibility study with a view to commercial extraction of iron ore.





DISCLAIMER

This document may include forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations and beliefs concerning future events. Forward-looking statements are necessarily subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the control of BC Iron Limited, that could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements. BC Iron Limited makes no undertaking to subsequently update or revise the forward-looking statements made in this release to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this release.

The information relating to the terms "exploration target", "direct shipping ore", "iron ore" and "upgrade" should not be misunderstood or misconstrued as an estimate of Mineral Resources and Reserves as defined by the JORC Code (2004) and therefore the terms have not been used in this context. It is uncertain if further exploration or feasibility study will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource or Mining Reserve.

The information that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Michael Young who is a Member of The Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a Director of the Company. Mr Young has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Young consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.



AND THE

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report on the results of BC Iron Limited ('the Company') for the period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007 and the state of affairs at that date.

Directors

The names of directors of the Company in office during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report are:

Anthony W. Kiernan Chairman (Non-Executive) (appointed 11 October 2006)

Michael C. Young Managing Director (appointed 11 October 2006)

Steven J.M. Chadwick Director (Non-Executive) (appointed 10 July 2006)

Garth R. Higgo Director (Non-Executive) (appointed 11 October 2006)

Terrence W. Ransted Director (Non-Executive) (appointed 10 July 2006)

Karen E.V. Brown Director (Non-Executive) (appointed 10 July 2006, resigned 11 October 2006)

Principal Activity

The Company was incorporated on 10 July 2006 and listed on ASX Limited on 15 December 2006. The Company is involved in mineral exploration and development, focusing primarily on iron ore deposits near Nullagine, Western Australia.

Operating Results

The net loss of the Company for the financial period, after provision for income tax, amounted to \$748,739.

Dividends

No dividends were paid during the financial period and no recommendation is made as to dividends.

Review of Operations

The Company is actively exploring for iron ore on its Nullagine Project in Western Australia. After successfully obtaining Heritage approvals and commencing its first pass drilling, the Company discovered several zones of high grade CID iron ore at Outcamp Well and Coongan Well which may prove suitable for direct shipping. Other areas were discovered which may provide an alternative source of direct shipping ore through simple beneficiation. Drilling continues through the December quarter of 2007 and a maiden resource estimate is expected early 2008.

The Company successfully completed its joint venture obligations with Consolidated Minerals and Alkane Resources to acquire 100% ownership of the Project.

An MoU with Fortescue was entered into which covers future options for the provision of bulk commodity transport services, joint venture and mine gate sales.

More details of the activities of the Company for the financial period, together with future prospects, are set out in the Review of Operations section of the Annual Report.



Significant Changes in State of Affairs

The Company was incorporated on 10 July 2006 and issued a prospectus dated 8 November 2006 for an initial public offering to raise \$6 million. On successful completion of the offer, the Company was granted official quotation on ASX Limited on 15 December 2006.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in financial periods subsequent to the financial period ended 30 June 2007.

Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

The Company intends to continue exploration programs on its existing tenements. Further information on the likely developments in the operations of the Company, and the expected results of operations, have not been included in this annual financial report because the Directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

Directors' Qualifications, Experience and Special Responsibilities

» Mr Anthony William (Tony) Kiernan LL.B Age 56 - Chairman (Non-Executive)

Mr Kiernan is a solicitor with extensive experience gained over 35 years in the management and operation of listed public companies. As both a lawyer and general consultant, he has practised and advised extensively in the fields of resources, media and information technology. He is a director of ASX listed companies. Uranium Equities Limited (since June 2003), Liontown Resources Ltd (since November 2006), Chalice Gold Mines Ltd (since February 2007), North Queensland Metals. Ltd (since January 2007) and Solbec Pharmaceuticals Limited (since March 2004). Mr Kiernan is also a director of a number of non-public entities. He has been a director of Anglicare WA for over 17 years and its Chairman for the last six years. Mr Kiernan is a member of audit committee.

» Michael Charles (Mike) Young BSc(Hon), MAusIMM, MAIG, MSEG Age 46 - Managing Director

Mr Young is a geologist and a graduate of Queens University, Canada with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Geological Sciences. After two years of uranium and gold exploration and mining in Canada, he emigrated to Australia in 1987. From 1991, he worked for Dominion Mining Limited and headed the team which pegged the Just-in-Case gold, and Abednego nickel prospects. He then moved onto work with Mining and Resource Technology which became part of Golder Associates from 1994 to 2003. During that time, he carried out resource modelling, due diligence, QA/QC, and feasibility work on a wide variety of deposits and commodities. These included Century Zinc, Escondida Copper in Chile, and Koolyanobbing iron mine at Southern Cross. In 2003 he joined Cazaly Resources as Exploration Manager where he was responsible for exploration and resource development of Cazaly's various projects. He was a founding director of Bannerman Resources Limited (February 2005 to February 2006). Mr Young's experience has a strong focus on exploration, resource definition and development. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists, the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (CP), and the Society for Economic Geologists. *Mr Young is a member of the risk management committee*.



» Mr Terrence William (Terry) Ransted B. (App) Sc, MAusIMM, MGSA, Age 51 - Director (Non-Executive)

Mr Ransted is a geologist and a graduate of the Western Australian Institute of Technology with a Bachelor of Applied Science Degree. He has had 30 years experience in many facets of exploration and regional geological programs and has been involved in various stages of project development from grass roots exploration to mining in a variety of commodities covering differing geological terrains. Of specific relevance, Mr Ransted commenced his career with Hamersley Exploration Pty Limited exploring for bedded iron ore deposits in the Hamersley region, and more recently, was responsible for the onsite management of the initial feasibility drilling, metallurgical sampling, and geological assessment and interpretation for the Yandicoogina Pisolite Iron Project for Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd and also onsite management of mine development drilling, metallurgical sampling and geological interpretation for the Marandoo Iron Ore Project also for Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd. Mr Ransted is a principal of Multi Metal Consultants Pty Ltd and a non-executive Director of Northern Star Resources Ltd (since May 2000).

Mr Ransted is a member of audit committee.

» Mr Steven John Micheil (Steve) Chadwick BAppSc, MAusIMM Age 53 - Director (Non-Executive)

Mr Chadwick is the Principal of Spectrum Metallurgical Consultants in Perth, a Western Australian-based specialist consultancy to the minerals industry. He is a metallurgical graduate from the WA School of Mines and has 30 years experience in the mining industry, incorporating technical, operating and management roles in gold and base-metals mining and processing. Mr Chadwick served as Executive Technical Director of ASX listed junior gold company Northern Gold NL from August 1995 to October 2005. Mr Chadwick is a director of several private entities.

Mr Chadwick is a member of the risk management committee.

» Mr Garth Reginald Higgo Dip Civil Eng, BCom (Hons), MBA (cum laude) Age 48 - Director (Non-Executive)

Mr Higgo has held senior positions in civil engineering, banking (treasury and risk management), mining corporate finance and business development. Mr Higgo's career includes senior positions with Kumba Resources Ltd where he was involved in the evaluation of iron ore and copper/zinc projects before he moved to Anglo Platinum Ltd where he headed up the group's joint ventures and was responsible for the negotiation, implementation and management of many large platinum joint ventures. Mr Higgo has a wide experience in international deal making, corporate finance and business administration. Mr Higgo is currently Head of Corporate Development and Strategy for Consolidated Minerals Ltd where he is responsible for business development, corporate finance and group strategy. Mr Higgo is chairman of the audit and risk management committees.

Company Secretary

» COLLESS, Lindsay Arthur, CA, JP (NSW), FAICD Age 62

Mr Colless is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia with 15 years experience in the profession and a further 29 years experience in Commerce, mainly in the mineral and petroleum exploration industry in the capacities of financial controller, company secretary and director. He is a director and/or secretary of a number of public listed companies.



Meetings of Directors

During the financial period, eleven (11) meetings of directors were held. There was one (1) Audit Committee meeting. The Company does not have a Nomination or Remuneration Committee with the full Board carrying out the functions that would otherwise be dealt with by such committees. The number of meetings attended by each director during the financial period is as follows:

	Number of Meetings Attended				
Director	Board	Audit Committee			
A Kiernan	11	1			
M Young	11	n/a			
S Chadwick	10	n/a			
G Higgo	10	1			
T Ransted	11	1			
K Brown *	1	n/a			

^{*} K Brown resigned 11 October 2006

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises Mr Garth Higgo, Mr Anthony Kiernan and Mr Terrence Ransted.

Corporate Governance

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the Directors of BC Iron Limited support and have adhered to the principles of corporate governance and have established a set of policies and manuals for the purpose of managing this governance. The Company's detailed corporate governance policy statement is contained in the additional Supplementary Information section of the Annual Report and can be viewed on the Company's web-site at www.bciron.com.au.

Environmental Issues

The Company is subject to environmental regulation in respect to its mineral tenements relating to exploration activity on those tenements. No breaches of any environmental restrictions were recorded during the financial period.



Share Options

Options to take up ordinary shares in the capital of BC Iron Limited granted and still outstanding are as follows:

» Unlisted Options - exercisable at 25 cents on or before 15 December 2009

Outstanding as at date of this report	3,750,000
Outstanding at end of the financial period	3,750,000
Granted during the financial period	3,750,000
vesting on issue	3,250,000
vesting 15 December 2007	500,000
Exercised during the financial period	Nil

» Unlisted Options - exercisable at 30 cents on or before 15 December 2009

Exercised during the financial period	Nil
Granted during the financial period	500,000
Outstanding at end of the financial period	500,000
Outstanding as at date of this report	500,000

» Unlisted Options - exercisable at 72 cents on or before 19 February 2010

Outstanding as at date of this report	500,000				
Outstanding at end of the financial period					
Granted during the financial period	500,000				
vesting 1 June 2007	100,000				
vesting 16 February 2008	200,000				
vesting 16 February 2009	200,000				
Exercised during the financial period	Nil				

No ordinary shares were issued during the financial period on the exercise of options.

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company or any other entity.



Directors' Interests and Benefits

Professional fees of \$8,813 and re-imbursement of disbursements of \$171 totalling \$8,984 were paid during the financial period to Multi Metal Consultants Pty Ltd, a company in which Mr Ransted has a substantial financial interest.

Professional fees of \$1,827 were paid during the financial period to Christensen Vaughan, a company in which Mr Kiernan is a consultant.

These fees and disbursements exclude benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as directors' fees and shown in the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Corporations Regulations, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee.

Remuneration Report

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B. Details of remuneration
- C. Service agreements
- D. Share-based compensation
- E. Additional information

The information provided within this Remuneration Report includes remuneration disclosures that are required under Accounting Standard AASB 124 'Related Party Disclosures'. These disclosures have been transferred from the financial report and have been audited.

A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration (audited)

The objective of the Company's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders.

The Board ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward corporate governance practices:

- · Competitiveness and reasonableness
- Acceptability to shareholders
- Performance linkage/alignment of executive compensation
- Transparency
- Capital management

The Company has structured an executive remuneration framework which is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy for the organisation.

Non-executive Directors

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the directors. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Chairman is not present at any discussions relating to determination of his own remuneration.



Director's fees

Directors' fees are determined within an aggregate directors' fee pool limit, which is periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The maximum currently stands at \$400,000 in aggregate. This amount is separate from any specific tasks the directors, or their related entities, may take on for the Company. For example, Multi Metal Consultants Pty Ltd of which Mr Ransted is a principal, has provided some administration and technical services for the Company during the year, separate from Mr Ransted's tasks as a non-executive Director. Directors' remuneration is set out below which includes share and option-based payments.

The Company has no performance-based remuneration component built into director and executive remuneration packages.

B. Details of remuneration (audited)

Key management personnel and other executives of the Company

	2007 \$
Directors' income paid or payable or otherwise made available to Directors of the Company	222,897

The details of remunerations of the directors and key management personnel of BC Iron Limited are as follows:

	Executive Director of BC Iron Limited								
Name	Short-term benefits Cash Salary	Short-term benefits Cash Fees and Disbursements	Post-employment benefits Superannuation	Long-term benefits	Share-based payment	Total			
2007	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
M Young	139,141	-	11,756	-	72,000	222,897			

No long term or termination benefits have been paid.



	Non-executive Directors of BC Iron Limited							
Name	Short-term	Short-term benefits	Post-employment	Long-term	Share-based	Total		
	benefits	Cash Fees and	benefits	benefits	payment			
	Directors'	Disbursements	Superannuation					
	Cash Fee							
2007	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
A Kiernan	36,141	-	-	-	60,000	96,141		
S Chadwick	25,298	-	-	-	40,000	65,298		
G Higgo	25,298	-	-	-	40,000	65,298		
T Ransted	25,298	-	-	-	40,000	65,298		
Total	112,035	-	-	_	180,000	292,035		

	Other Key Management Personnel							
Name	Short-term benefits Cash Fee	Short-term benefits Cash Fees and Disbursements	Post-employment benefits Superannuation	Long-term benefits	Share-based payment	Total		
2007	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
L Colless	42,000 ^(a)	-	-	-	-	42,000		

(a) Corporate administration, accounting and company secretarial fees paid to Mineral Administration Serivces Pty Ltd, a company with which Mr. Colless is associated.

No long-term or termination benefits have been paid.

The share-based payments referred to above comprise options over ordinary shares in the Company, issued upon listing of the Company on ASX Limited and have been valued-based on the Black and Scholes option pricing model.

C. Service Agreements (audited)

YOUNG, Michael (Managing Director)

Term of Agreement - two years commencing 15 December 2006.

Agreement - Base salary, inclusive of statutory superannuation of \$220,000 to be reviewed on or before 30 December 2007 and annually on 1 July thereafter (or such other times as agreed). Under the terms of the agreement the Company issued one million options to Mr Young with exercise prices of \$0.25 and \$0.30 and vesting dates as detailed below.

Termination – There are no termination benefit provisions on early termination by the Company, provided however in the event that the Company is taken over or enters into a scheme of arrangement whereby 100% of its issued capital is held by one party (or a series of parties associated with each other), and if Mr Young is not offered the position of Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer of BC Iron (or the new entity) on terms and conditions no less favourable, then Mr Young has the election, but not the obligation, to terminate his employment agreement with BC Iron and to receive, by way of severance, a payment equal to 12 months salary then applying.



D. Share-based compensation (audited)

In the financial period, 3,250,000 unlisted options were granted to Directors of which 1,000,000 options were issued to the Managing Director and 2,250,000 to Non-Executive Directors.

The unlisted options were granted for no consideration as an incentive bonus upon appointment to the Board. The options carry no dividend or voting rights. In relation to the 2,250,000 options issued to Non-Executive Directors these are exercisable at any time. In relation to the 1,000,000 options issued to the Managing Director these are exercisable at the vesting dates listed below. When exercised, each option is convertible into one ordinary share.

The 3,250,000 free (unlisted) options comprise:

Date options granted	Number and Class under option	Issue /Exercise price of shares	Value per option at grant date	Exercise / Expiry Dates			
1,000,000 Options, granted to the Managing Director, divided into two classes as follows:							
16 October 2006	500,000 (Tranche 1)	\$0.25	\$0.080	Between 15 December 2007 and 15 December 2009			
16 October 2006	500,000 (Tranche 2)	\$0.30	\$0.064	Between 15 December 2008 and 15 December 2009			
2,250,000 Options, granted to the Non-Executive Directors, as follows:							
16 October 2006	2,250,000	\$0.25	\$0.08	Between 16 October 2006 and 15 December 2009			

	Number of options granted	Number of options vested			
Name	2007	2007			
Directors of BC Iron Limited					
A Kiernan	750,000	750,000			
M Young	1,000,000	-			
S Chadwick	500,000	500,000			
G Higgo	500,000	500,000			
T Ransted	500,000	500,000			
Other Key Management Personnel					
Lindsay Colless	-	-			



Fair value of options granted on 16 October 2006

The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date (\$0.25) and expected price volatility (50%) of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield (nil) and the risk-free interest rate (6.0%) for the term of the option. There was no active market to determine the share price at the grant date

E. Additional information – (unaudited)

Name	Α	В	С	D	E
	Remuneration	Value at grant	Value at	Value at lapse	Total of
	consisting of	date	exercise date	date	columns B-D
	options	\$	\$	\$	\$
A Kiernan	62.4%	60,000	-	-	60,000
M Young	32.3%	72,000	-	-	72,000
S Chadwick	61.3%	40,000	-	-	40,000
G Higgo	61.3%	40,000	-	-	40,000
T Ransted	61.3%	40,000	-	-	40,000
L Colless	0.0%	-	-	-	-

Directors' Interests in the Share Capital of the Company as at the date of this report				
Name of Director	Shares Held Directly	Shares Held Indirectly	Options Held Directly	Options Held Indirectly
A Kiernan	180,000	18,000	750,000	-
M Young	209,000	-	1,000,000	-
S Chadwick	-	200,000	500,000	-
G Higgo	20,000	-	500,000	-
T Ransted	50,000	140,800	-	500,000

Insurance of Officers

During the financial period, BC Iron Limited incurred premiums to insure the directors, secretary and/or officers of the Company.

The liability insured is the indemnifaction of the Company against any legal liability to third parties arising out of any Directors or Officers duties in their capacity as a Director or Officer other than indemnification not permitted by law.

No liability has arisen under this indemnity as at the date of this report.

The Company has entered into Indemnity Deeds with each Director and the Company Secretary ("Officers"). Under the Deeds, the Company indemnifies each Officer to the maximum extent permitted by law against legal proceedings or claims made against or incurred by the Officers in connection with being an Officer of the Company, or breach by the Company of its obligations under the Deed.





Audit Independence and Non-audit Services

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out following this report.

Non-audit services

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Code of Conduct APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board, including acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company or acting as advocate for the Company.

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor:

	2007 \$
Audit services	
BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd	25,406
Audit and review of financial reports under the Corporations Act 2001	
Non-audit services	
Related entities of BDO Kendalls	6,611
Investigating accountant's report, Prospectus dated 8 November 2006	

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Dated this 27th day of September 2007.

On behalf of the Directors

Michael C. Young

Director





BDO Kendalls

DDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd. 128 Hay St Subtaco WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Ferth WA 6872 Phone 61 8 9380 8400 Pax 61 8 9380 8499 aa.perth@bdc.com.au www.bdo.com.au

ABN 79 112 284 787

27 September 2007

The Directors **BC** Iron Limited PO Box 8475 Perth Business Centre **PERTH WA 6849**

Dear Sirs

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY BDO KENDALLS TO THE DIRECTORS OF BC IRON LIMITED

As lead auditor of BC Iron Limited for the year ended 30 June 2007, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of BC Iron Limited.

Yours faithfully

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd

Peter Toll Director

> BDO Kendalls is a national association of separate partnerships and entities.





DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

In the opinion of the Directors of BC Iron Limited:

- a. the financial statements and notes set out on the following pages are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2007 and of its performance for the financial period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007; and
 - ii. complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements
- b. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable
- c. the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the Directors' Report comply with Accounting Standard AASB124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Michael C. Young

Director

PERTH, 27th September 2007

INCOME STATEMENT



For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

	Note	Period to 30 June 2007 \$
Revenue from continuing operations		
Interest income		157,202
Expenses from continuing operations		
Administration and secretarial services		(42,235)
Audit fees	2	(25,406)
Depreciation expense	8	(19,319)
Director's fees		(112,038)
Employee benefits		(360,817)
Insurance		(29,079)
Office rent, ancillaries and running		(65,164)
Personnel and support		(114,483)
Public relations and promotions		(24,294)
Share registry services and other corporate costs		(93,210)
Other expenses from continuing operations		(19,896)
Loss before income tax expense	3	(748,739)
Income tax expense	4	-
Loss for the financial period		(748,739)
Loss attributable to members of BC Iron Limited		(748,739)
Loss per share for loss from continuing operations attribut	able to	(-,,
the ordinary equity holders of the Company		
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	14	(2.12c)
Diluted earnings per share are not disclosed as they are	e not	
materially different to basic earnings per share.		

The above income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.





BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2007

	Note	\$
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	5	4,048,810
Trade and other receivables	6	86,601
Other financial assets	7	36,788
Total Current Assets		4,172,199
Non-Current Assets		
Plant and equipment	8	110,435
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	9	922,940
Total Non-Current Assets		1,033,375
Total Assets		5,205,574
Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	10	178,821
Total Current Liabilities		178,821
Total Liabilities		178,821
Net Assets		5,026,753
Equity		
Contributed equity	11	5,334,675
Reserves	13a	440,817
Accumulated losses	13b	(748,739)
Total Equity		5,026,753

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

	Period to 30 June 2007 \$
Total equity at 10 July 2006	-
Loss for the financial period	(748,739)
Total recognised income and expense for the financial period	(748,739)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders	
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs	5,334,675
Share-based payments	440,817
Total equity at 30 June 2007	5,026,753

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

	Note	Period to 30 June 2007 \$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods and services tax)	20	(353,586)
Interest received		157,202
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(196,384)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Payment for plant and equipment		(129,754)
Payment for exploration and evaluation expenditure		(922,940)
Payment for security deposits		(36,788)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from investing activities		(1,089,482)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issue of shares		5,334,675
Proceeds from borrowings		248,242
Repayment of borrowings		(248,242)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		5,334,675
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,048,410
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5	4,048,410

The above cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below.

a. Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report for the reporting period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007 has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

b. Compliance with AIFRSs

Australian Accounting Standards include equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS).

c. Comparatives

These financial statements cover the period from incorporation; therefore there are no comparative figures.

d. Segment Reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operation in other economic environments.

e. Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recognised on a time proportionate basis using the effective interest method.

f. Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the financial period is the tax payable on the current financial period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

g. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, except where the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

h. Impairment of Assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets, other than goodwill, that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate they might be impaired.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

i. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition. Collectibility of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

k. Fair Value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The carrying value, less impairment provision, of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

I. Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset during their expected useful life of three to five years.



NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

m. Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Expenditure on acquisition, exploration and evaluation relating to an area of interest is carried forward where rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and:

- i) the area has proven commercially recoverable reserves; or
- ii) exploration and evaluation activities are continuing in an area of interest but have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves.

At the end of each financial year, the Directors assess the carrying value of the exploration expenditure carried forward in respect of each area of interest, and where the carried forward carrying value is considered to be in excess of (i) above, the value of the area of interest is written down. Capitalised exploration expenditure is considered for impairment based upon areas of interest on an annual basis, depending on the existence of impairment indicators including:

- the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted or planned;
- exploration for, and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area, have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Company has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
- sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the
 carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful
 development or by sale.

Costs carried forward in respect of an area of interest that is abandoned are written off in the year in which the decision to abandon is made.

n. Mineral Tenements

The Company's activities in the mining industry are subject to regulations and approvals including mining heritage, environmental regulation, the implications of the High Court of Australia decision in what is known generally as the "Mabo" case and any State or Federal legislation regarding native and mining titles. Approvals, although granted in most cases, are discretionary. The question of native title has yet to be determined and could effect any mining title area whether granted by the State or not.

o. Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

p. Employee Benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within twelve (12) months of the reporting date, are recognised in other payables and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

q. Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised. The Company has no finance leases. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating (Refer note 15). Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

r. Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

s. Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

t. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing the profit (loss) after income tax attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

u. Share-based payments

Where shares or options are issued to employees, including directors, as remuneration for services, the difference between fair value of the shares or options issued and the consideration received, if any, from the employee is expensed. The fair value of the shares or options issued is recorded in contributed equity.



NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

v. New accounting standards and UIG interpretations

Certain new accounting standards have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2007 reporting periods. The Group has not applied any of the following in preparing this financial report.

Affected Standard	Nature of Change to Accounting Policy	Application *
AASB 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	No impact on accounting policy, but will require significant additional disclosures in relation to financial instruments.	1 January 2007
AASB 2005-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASB132, AASB101, AASB114, AASB 117, AASB133, AASB139, AASB4, AASB1023 and AASB1038]	No impact on accounting policy, affects some disclosures for the year ending 30 June 2008.	1 January 2007
AASB 8: Operating Segments	No impact on accounting policy, affects disclosures in relation to operating segments instead of business and geographical segments for the financial report ending 30 June 2010.	1 January 2009
AASB 2007-3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8 [AASB5, AASB6, AASB102, AASB 107, AASB119, AASB127, AASB134, AASB136, AASB 1023 and AASB1038]	No impact on accounting policy, affects disclosures only	1 January 2009
AASB 2007-3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8 [AASB5, AASB6, AASB102, AASB 107, AASB119, AASB127, AASB134, AASB136, AASB 1023 and AASB1038]	No impact on accounting policy, affects disclosures only	1 January 2009
AASB 2007-7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASB1, AASB2, AASB4, AASB5, AASB107 and AASB128]	No impact on accounting policy, affects disclosures only	1 July 2007
AASB 101: Presentation of Financial Statements	No impact on accounting policy or disclosures	1 January 2007
AASB 2007-1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 11	No impact on the consolidated financial report or the parent entity financial statements	1 March 2007
AASB 2007-4: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from ED 151 and other amendments	No impact on accounting policy or disclosures	1 July 2007
AASB Interpretation 11: Group and Treasury Share transactions	No impact on accounting policy or disclosures	1 March 2007

^{*} Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.



NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

w. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In preparing this Financial Report the Company has been required to make certain estimates and assumptions concerning future occurrences. There is an inherent risk that the resulting accounting estimates will not equate exactly with actual events and results.

(i) Significant accounting judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Group has capitalised significant exploration and evaluation expenditure on the basis either that this is expected to be recouped through future successful development (or alternatively sale) of the Areas of Interest concerned, or on the basis that it is not yet possible to assess whether it will be recouped.

(ii) Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on an number of factors, including whether the Company decides to exploit the related lease itself, or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale. Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, costs of drilling and production, production rates, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices. As at 30 June 2007, the carrying value of exploration expenditure is \$922,940.

	Period to 30 June 2007
NOTE 2 – AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION	\$
During the financial period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor:	
(a) Audit services BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd:	
Audit and review of financial reports under the Corporations Act 2001	25,406
(b) Non-audit services Related entities of BDO Kendalls	
Investigating accountants report, prospectus dated 8 November 2006	6,611
Total remuneration of auditors	32,017

The Company has received notification from the Company's auditor that he satisfies the independence criterion and that there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 or any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



For the Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007

	Period to 30 June 2007
NOTE 3 - EXPENSES	\$
Profit before income tax include the following specific expenses:	
Rental expense relating to operating leases	19,530
	'
NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES	
(a) Income Tax Expense	

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES	
(a) Income Tax Expense	
Current tax Deferred Tax	
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable	
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense	(748,739)
Prima facie tax payable at 30%	(224,622)
Add tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:	
Share-based payments	108,245
Tax benefit relating to timing differences and tax losses not recognised	116,377
	-
(c) Tax losses	
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	1,273,300
Potential tax benefit at 30%	381,990
(d) Unrecognised temporary differences	
Deferred tax liabilities – Capitalised Exploration	(276,882)
Deferred tax assets – Accrued expenses	11,269
Deferred tax assets – Revenue tax losses	381,990
Net deferred tax asset not recognised	393,259
Net deferred tax asset	116,377

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset as they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is a legally recognised right to set off.

	Period to 30 June 2007
NOTE 5 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Current assets)	\$
Cash at Bank and on hand	53,789
Cash on Deposit (at call)	253,836
Cash on Deposit - Commercial Bills (maturing within 90 days)	3,741,185
	4,048,810



NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONT'D)

Reconciliation to cash at the end of the period

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial period as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

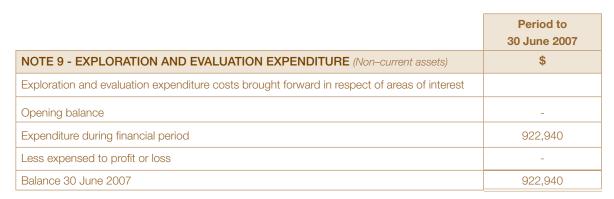
	Period to
	30 June 2007
	\$
Balances as above	4,048,810
Balances as per statement of cash flows	4,048,810

- (a) Cash at bank bears nil interest per annum.
- (b) Cash on deposit (at call) bears interest at 6.00% per annum.
- (c) Cash on deposit (Commercial Bills) bears interest at an average 6.33% per annum.

NOTE 6 – TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Current assets)	
Other receivables	86,601

NOTE 7 – OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	
Security deposits – rent bond	11,788
Security deposits – corporate card	25,000
	36,788

NOTE 8 – PLANT & EQUIPMENT (Non–current assets)	Furniture, Computers and Equipment \$	Total \$	
Period 10 July 2006 to 30 June 2007			
Opening net book amount	-	-	
Additions	129,754	129,754	
Depreciation charge	(19,319)	(19,319)	
Closing net book amount	110,435	110,435	
At 30 June 2007			
Cost	129,754	129,754	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(19,319)	(19,319)	
Net book value	110,435	110,435	



Exploration and evaluation expenditure is recorded at historical cost on an area of interest basis. Recovery of these costs is dependent upon the commercial success of future exploration and development or realisation by disposal of the interests therein.

There may exist on the Company's exploration properties, areas subject to claim under native title or containing sacred sites or sites of significance to Aboriginal people. As a result, exploration properties or areas within the tenements may be subject to exploration and mining restrictions.

NOTE 10 – TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Current liabilities)	
Trade payables	165,116
Other Payables - Employee benefits - accumulated annual leave	13,705
	178,821

Trade payables are unsecured and payable on supplier credit terms, usually payable within 30 days of recognition. The Company has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

	Period to	30 June 2007
NOTE 11 - CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	Number	\$
Share Capital		
Ordinary shares - Fully paid	54,000,000	5,334,675
Movement in ordinary share capital		
At 10 July 2006	-	-
Issue	54,000,000	6,030,001
Less: costs of issues	-	(695,326)
At 30 June 2007	54,000,000	5,334,675

Terms and conditions of ordinary shares:

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings. In the event of winding up of the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidations.



NOTE 12 -OPTIONS ON ISSUE	Period to 30	June 2007
Options	Number	\$
Unlisted options vesting 15/12/2007 expiring 15/12/2009		
exercisable at 25 cents each	500,000	40,000
Movement in these options:		
At 10 July 2006	-	-
Issued 16/10/06	500,000	40,000
At 30 June	500,000	40,000
Unlisted options expiring 15/12/2009 exercisable at 25 cents each	3,250,000	3,250,000
Movement in these options:		
At 10 July 2006	-	-
Issued 16/10/06	2,250,000	180,000
Issued 19/12/06	1,000,000	80,000
At 30 June	3,250,000	260,000
Unlisted options vesting 15/12/2008 expiring 15/12/2009 exercisable at 30 cents each	500,000	32,000
Movement in these options:		
At 10 July 2006	-	-
Issued 16/10/06	500,000	32,000
At 30 June	500,000	32,000
Unlisted employee incentive options expiring 19/02/2010	500,000	108,817
Movement in these options:		
At 10 July 2006	_	-
Issued	500,000	108,817
At 30 June	500,000	108,817

No options were exercised during the financial period. No options expired during the financial period.

	Period to 30 June 2007
NOTE 13 - RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES	\$
(a) Reserves	
Share-based payments reserve	440,817
Movement:	
Balance 1 July	-
Employee option expense	360,817
Equity-settled benefits	80,000
Balance 30 June	440,817
(b) Accumulated losses	(748,739)
Movement:	
Balance 1 July	-
Loss for the financial period after related income tax expense	(748,739)
Balance 30 June	(748,739)

	Period to 30 June 2007
NOTE 14 - EARNINGS / LOSS PER SHARE	Cents
(a) Basic loss per share	
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(2.12)
	\$
(b) Earnings used in calculating earnings per share	
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(748,739)
	Number
(c) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial period	
used in calculation of basic earnings per share	35,359,551

The share based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options; options issued to employees but not exercised and equity-settled benefits issued in settlement of share issue costs.

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves



NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

a) Mining Tenement Leases

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements the Company is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements specified by the WA State Government and pay tenement lease rents.

The estimated exploration expenditure commitment for the ensuing year, but not recognised as a liability in the financial statements:

	Period to 30 June 2007 \$
Within one year	556,862
Later than one year but less than five years	-
Later than five years	-
	556,862

The commitments amount to \$51,862 in respect of tenement lease rentals and \$505,000 in exploration expenditures. This expenditure will only be incurred should the Company retain its existing level of interest in its various exploration areas and provided access to mining tenements is not restricted. These obligations will be fulfilled in the normal course of operations, which may include farm-out, joint venture and direct exploration expenditure.

b) Operating Lease - Buildings

The Company leases offices in West Perth, Western Australia, under a non-cancellable operating lease expiring December 2009 and renewable for a further three years.

Commitments for minimum lease payments are:	
Within one year	29,333
Later than one year but less than five years	46,283
	75,616



NOTE 16 - KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURE

a) Directors

The following persons were directors of BC Iron Limited during the financial year:

- (i) Chairman non executive
 - A Kiernan
- (ii) Executive director
 - M Young
- (iii) Non- executive directors
 - S Chadwick
 - G Higgo
 - T Ransted
 - K Brown

K Brown resigned from the position of non-executive director on 11 October 2006

b) Transactions with Key Management Personnel

Professional fees of \$8,813 and re-imbursement of disbursements of \$171 totalling \$8,984 were paid during the financial period to Multi Metal Consultants Pty Ltd, a company in which Mr Ransted has a substantial financial interest. The services provided were in the normal course of business and at normal commercial rates.

Professional fees of \$1,827 were paid during the financial period to Christensen Vaughan, a company in which Mr Kiernan is a consultant. The services provided were in the normal course of business and at normal commercial rates.

These fees and disbursements exclude benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as directors' fees and shown in the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Corporations Regulations, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee.

c) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties: Current payables – Directors' fees

G Higgo	\$8,750
S Chadwick	\$8,750



NOTE 16 - KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURE (CONT'D)

d) Directors and Director-Related Entities' Shareholdings

The interests of Directors and their Director-related entities in shares and share options at the end of the financial period are as follows:

Name	Balance at the start of the financial period	Issued	Purchased/(Sold)	Balance as the end of the financial period	
(1) Shares					
A Kiernan	-	-	188,000	188,000	
M Young	-	-	198,000	198,000	
S Chadwick	-	-	200,000	200,000	
G Higgo	-	-	20,000	20,000	
T Ransted	-	-	190,800	190,800	
Total shares	-	-	796,800	796,800	
(2) Options					
A Kiernan	-	750,000	-	750,000	
M Young	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	
S Chadwick	-	500,000	-	500,000	
G Higgo	-	500,000	-	500,000	
T Ransted	-	500,000	-	500,000	
Total Options	-	3,250,000	-	3,250,000	

e) Key Management Personnel Compensation

The Company has taken advantage of the relief provided by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04 and has transferred the detailed remuneration disclosures to the Directors' Report. The relevant information can be found in sections A-C of the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report.

f) Related Party Transactions

Other than the transactions disclosed above there are no other transactions between related parties that require disclosure.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

No contingent liabilities or assets have arisen during the financial period.

NOTE 18 - SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Company operates only in one business and geographical segment being predominantly in the area of mineral exploration near Nullagine, Western Australia. The Company considers its business operations in mineral exploration to be its primary reporting function.



NOTE 19 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks.

Credit risk

The Company does not have any significant credit risk exposure to a single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any provisions for losses, represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the fair value of any collateral or other security obtained.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Although the Company has significant interest bearing assets, the Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company monitors interest rates to obtain the best terms and mix of cash flow.

Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate by maturity periods is set out in the following tables

2007	Average Interest rate	Variable Interest rate at call	Fixed Interest Rate Maturity Less than 1 year	Fixed Interest Maturity Greater than 1 year	Non Interest Bearing	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash	2.21%	53,789	-	-	-	53,789
Deposits	6.25%	253,836	25,000	-	11,788	290,624
Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	86,601	86,601
Commercial Bills	6.28%	-	3,741,186	-	-	3,741,186
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	178,822	178,822



NOTE 19 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management involves the maintenance of sufficient cash, marketable securities, committed credit facilities and access to capital markets. It is the policy of the Board to ensure the Group is able to meet its financial obligations and maintain the flexibility to pursue attractive investment opportunities through keeping committed credit lines available where possible, ensuring the Group has sufficient working capital and preserving the 15% share issue limit available to the Company under the ASX Listing Rules.

Financing arrangements

The Company has no financing facilities available to it.

NOTE 20 - RECONCILIATION OF LOSS AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Period to 30 June 2007 \$
Loss for the financial period	(748,739)
Non cash flows in operating Loss	
Depreciation	19,319
Movements in provisions	13,705
Interest income	(157,202)
Employee benefit – share-based payment	440,817
Change in operating assets and liabilities	
Decrease (increase) in Trade and other receivables	(86,601)
(Decrease) increase in Trade and other payables	165,115
Net cash inflow (outflow) by operating activities	(353,586)



NOTE 21 - SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Employee Option Plan

The employee option plan is designed to provide long-term incentives for senior managers and directors to deliver long-term shareholder returns. Under the plan, participants are granted options which only vest if certain performance standards are met. Participation is at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in the plan or to receive any guaranteed benefits.

Set out below is a summary of the options granted during the financial period:

Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at the start of the year (Number)	Granted during the financial period	Balance at end of the financial period	Vested and exercisable at end of financial period (Number)
Director optio	ns					
16 Oct 2006	15 Dec 2009	\$0.25	-	500,000	500,000	-
16 Oct 2006	15 Dec 2009	\$0.30	-	500,000	500,000	-
16 Oct 2006	15 Dec 2009	\$0.25	-	2,250,000	2,250,000	2,250,000
Promoter options						
19 Dec 2006	15 Dec 2009	\$0.25	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Employee options						
1 Jun 2007	19 Feb 2010	\$0.72	-	500,000	500,000	100,000
Weighted average exercise price			\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.26	

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share.

No options expired, were exercised or forfeited during the period covered in the above table.

(A) Director option expense

Fair value of options granted

The assessed fair value at grant date, of options granted on 16 October 2006, for options with an exercise price of \$0.25 was \$0.08 per option. For options with an exercise price of \$0.30 the assessed fair value at grant date was \$0.064 per option.

The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date (\$0.25) and expected price volatility (50%) of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield (nil) and the risk-free interest rate (6.0%) for the term of the option. There was no active market to determine the share price at the grant date.



NOTE 21 - SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONT'D)

(B) Employee option expense

Employee share options have been granted to provide long-term incentive for senior employees to deliver long-term shareholder returns. Participation in employee share options is at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in a plan or to receive any guaranteed benefits.

Fair value of options granted

The assessed fair value at grant date, of options granted on 1 June 2007 was \$1.088 per option. The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price (\$0.72), the term of the option (1 June 2007 to 19 February 2010), the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date (\$1.44) and expected price volatility of the underlying share (102%), the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate (6.25%) for the term of the option.

(C) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payments recognised during the financial period as employee benefits expense was:

	2007 \$
Director benefits (share options)	252,000
Employee benefits (share options)	108,817
	360,817

(D) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

On 19 December 2006, 1,000,000 options were issued to DJ Carmichael Pty Limited as part payment for capital raising. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share.

Fair value of options granted

The assessed fair value at grant date, of options granted on 19 December 2006 was \$0.079 per option. The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model which takes into account the exercise price (\$0.12), the term of the option (expiry date 30 September 2008), the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date (\$0.14) and expected price volatility of the underlying share (100%), the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate (6.25%) for the term of the option.



NOTE 21 - SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONT'D)

(E) Effect on equity arising from share-based payment transactions

Total amount arising from share-based payments recognised during the financial period in equity as an increase in share-based payments reserve and increase in cost of share issue was:

	2007 \$
Equity-settled - Equity: Cost of issue	80,000

NOTE 22 - EVENTS OCCURING AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in financial years subsequent to the financial period ended 30 June 2007.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



BDO Rendalls

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of BC Iron Limited

Report on the Financial Report and AASB 124 Remuneration Disclosures Contained in the Directors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of BC Iron, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2007, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the company.

We have also audited the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report. As permitted by the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, the company has disclosed information about the remuneration of directors and executives ("remuneration disclosures"), required by Accounting Standard AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*, under the heading "Remuneration Report" of the directors' report and not in the financial report.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report and the AASB 124 Remuneration Disclosures Contained in the Directors' Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The directors of the company are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibility is to also express an opinion on the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report based on our audit.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report and the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

BDO Kendalls is a national association of separate partnerships and entities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONT'D)



BDO Kendalls

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the $Corporations\ Act\ 2001.$

Auditor's Opinion on the Financial Report

In our opinion the financial report of BC Iron Limited is in accordance with the $\it Corporations$ $\it Act 2001$, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2007 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Auditor's Opinion on the AASB 124 Remuneration Disclosures Contained in the Directors' Report

In our opinion the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the directors' report comply with Accounting Standard AASB 124.

BDO Kendalls Audit and Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd

Peter Toll Director

Perth, Western Australia Dated this 27th day of September 2007

BURK

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Introduction

BC Iron Limited ("Company") has adopted systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance with the Board responsible for administering the applicable policies and procedures. For guidance and assistance the Company has turned to the Ten Essential Corporate Governance Principles and Best Practice Recommendations ("Recommendations") as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council. Due to the size of the Company it has not adopted in its entirety the Recommendations, however the situation is subject to continual review.

Further information about the Company's corporate governance practices are available set out on the Company's website at **www.bciron.com.au.**

As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be given further consideration.

Compliance with Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations

The Company, during the financial period ended 30 June 2007 ("the Reporting Period"), has continued to follow the ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations ("ASX Principles and Recommendations").

1. Management and oversight

The Board's role is to govern the Company rather than to manage it. In carrying out its governance role, the main task of the Board is to drive the performance of the Company. The Board must also ensure that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal obligations, including the requirements of any regulatory body. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.

2. Board structure

The Board comprises five directors. The Board delegates day-to-day responsibility for managing the Company to the Managing Director.

Four of the five directors are considered to be independent.

The independence of Messrs Kiernan, Higgo, Chadwick and Ransted, the Company's four non-executive directors,

was considered in the context of the ASX suggested criteria for independence, which was included in the commentary to the ASX Principles and Recommendations. All these non-executive directors were considered to be independent. Mr Young, the Managing Director, does not meet the Company's criteria for independence.

During the Reporting Period the Directors were:

- Mr Anthony William Kiernan, non-executive Chairman, was appointed to the Board on 11 October 2006.
- Mr Michael Charles Young, Managing Director, was appointed to the Board on 11 October 2006.
- Mr Garth Reginald Higgo, non-executive director was appointed to the Board on 11 October 2006.
- Mr Steven John Micheil Chadwick, non-executive director, was appointed to the Board on 10 July 2006.
- Mr Terrence William Ransted, non-executive director, was appointed to the Board on 10 July 2006.
- Miss Karen Elizabeth Vere Brown was appointed to the Board on 10 July 2006 and resigned on 11 October 2006.

Profiles of the directors are set out in the Directors' Report.

The Board collectively, and each Director, has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONT'D)



The Company does not have a remuneration committee or a nomination committee considering its level of operations do not warrant separate committees. The full Board carries out the functions of remuneration and nomination committees. During the Reporting Period the Board considered nomination matters on one occasion and remuneration matters twice.

3. Responsible decision making

The Board has decided against the implementation of a code of conduct at present as it does not believe an exhaustive code of conduct is appropriate given the size of the Company. However, the Board has adopted a specific policy on trading in the Company's securities by directors, officers and employees of the Company.

4. Integrity of financial reporting

The Board has established a structure to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and to ensure the independence and competence of the Company's external auditor.

The Board requires the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer to state in writing to the Board that the Company's financial reports present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition and operational results, and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards; that this opinion is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board; and that the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

The Board has established an audit committee which is responsible for reviewing the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and overseeing the independence of the external auditors. Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Period the functions, responsibilities and operations of the audit committee are being formalised into a charter for adoption by the committee and the Board.

The audit committee comprises three members: Messrs

Higgo, Kiernan and Ransted, who are each independent directors. Mr Higgo is chairman of the audit committee.

5. Timely and balanced disclosure

The Board is committed to complying with the continuous disclosure obligations of the Corporations Act 2001 and the Listing Rules of ASX. The Company Secretary is designated as the person responsible for coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. In accordance with the Listing Rules the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information:

- concerning the Company which a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and
- which would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

6. Shareholder rights

The Board has established arrangements for communication and participation of shareholders.

The Company maintains an up-to-date web-site comprising corporate information, synopses of the Company's projects, periodic reports and announcements. Hard copies of publicly-released documents are available from the Company on request.

Shareholders are given a reasonable opportunity to participate at general meetings. The external auditor is invited to such meetings to answer questions from shareholders on matters relating to the audit of the Company's financial statements.

7. Risk management

During the Reporting Period, the Board as a whole was responsible for ensuring there is a sound system for overseeing and managing risk. As the Board consists of only five (5) members, a separate risk management committee was not considered to be a more efficient mechanism than the full Board to focus on specific issues. However, subsequent to the end of the Reporting



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONT'D)

Period and in consideration of the Company's increasing activities, the Board has resolved to form a separate risk management committee comprising Messrs Higgo, Chadwick and Young. Mr Higgo will chair the committee which will be tasked with the development of establishing and monitoring compliance with policies on risk oversight and management.

8. Enhancement of performance

During the Reporting Period, evaluation of the Board and its members was carried out informally on an ongoing basis by the Board as a whole. Directors are appointed based on skills required by the Company and, as a group, should have the relevant blend of appropriate experience.

9. Remuneration

The Board's remuneration policy is set out in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

As stated above, the Board does not have a separate remuneration committee. During Reporting Period the Board considered remuneration matters on two occasions. No director participated in any deliberation regarding his own remuneration or related issues.

There are no termination or retirement benefits for nonexecutive directors.

10. Stakeholder interests

The Board has decided against the implementation of a code of conduct at present as it does not believe an exhaustive code of conduct is appropriate given the size of the Company.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION



1. Share Holding at 26 September 2007 - BCI

a) Distribution of Shareholders - BCI

Share holding	Number of Holders Fully Paid Ordinary Shares
1 - 1,000	175
1,001 - 5,000	481
5,001 - 10,000	417
10,001 - 100,000	260
100,001 - over	36
	1,369

b) Unmarketable Parcels There are 32 shareholders who hold less than a marketable parcel.

c) Voting Rights Voting rights are one vote per fully paid ordinary share

d) Names of the substantial holders as disclosed in substantial holding notices:
 Consolidated Minerals Ltd
 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares
 Alkane Resources Ltd
 9,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares

2. Top Twenty Shareholders at 26 September 2007 - BCI

Shareholder	Number of Shares	% Issued Capital
Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	15,000,000	27.78
Alkane Resources Ltd (1)	9,000,000	16.67
UBS Wealth Management Australia Nominees Pty Ltd	2,580,031	4.77
Abbotsleigh Pty Ltd	1,627,680	3.01
Denis William O'Meara	1,500,000	2.78
ANZ Nominees Limited	1,067,442	1.97
Mark Emmerson Barley	1,000,000	1.85
Randolph Resources Pty Ltd	1,000,000	1.85
Timothy Simon Blake	1,000,000	1.85
Heather May Mitchell	810,000	1.50
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	766,622	1.42
Menzel Pty Ltd	690,000	1.28
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	601,939	1.12
Mervyn Ian Leo Bassett & Shirley Ethel Bassett	350,000	0.65
National Nominees Limited	333,200	0.62
RM Dimond & Associates Pty Ltd	220,000	0.41
Michael Charles Young	209,000	0.39
Spectrum Metallurgical Consultants Pty Ltd	200,000	0.37
Eppae Nominees Pty Ltd	193,344	0.36
Anthony Kiernan	180,000	0.33
	38,329,258	70.98



SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONT'D)

3. Unlisted Options

Option Holding at 26 September 2007 - BCIAM

Total options exercisable at 25 cents each expiring 15 December 2009	3,750,000
Number of holders	12
Holdings of more than 20%	
Anthony Kiernan	750,000
Option Holding at 26 September 2007 - BCIAO	
Total options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 15 December 2009	500,000
Number of holders	1
Holdings of more than 20%	
Michael C Young	500,000
Option Holding at 26 September 2007 - BCIAQ	
Total options exercisable at 72 cents expiring 19 February 2010	500,000
Number of holders	1
Holdings of more than 20%	
Anthony and Linda Greenaway	500,000

4. Restricted Securities

As at the date of this report the following securities were subject to restriction under the Listing Rules of ASX Limited:

Restricted to 11 October 2007

Fully paid shares (BCIAI)	6,000,000	
Restricted to 15 December 2008		
Fully paid shares (BCIAK)	24,000,000	
Options exercisable at 25 cents expiring 15 December 2009 (BCIAM)	3,750,000	
Options exercisable at 30 cents expiring 15 December 2009 (BCIAO)	500,000	

5. On Market Buy-back

As at the date of this report, there was no current on market buy-back.

6. Use of Assets

The Company has used the cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission to the Official List of ASX Limited in a way consistent with its business objectives.

TENEMENT SCHEDULE



Tenement Number	Location	Registered Title Holder	BCI Interests
EL 46/522	East Pilbara, WA	Alkane Exploration Ltd (1)	100%
EL 46/523	East Pilbara, WA	Alkane Exploration Ltd (1)	100%
EL 46/524	East Pilbara, WA	Alkane Exploration Ltd (1)	100%
EL 45/2552	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Nickel Pty Ltd	100%
EL 45/2717	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/651	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/652	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/653	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/654	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/655	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/656	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/657	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/658	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%
EL 46/663	East Pilbara, WA	Consolidated Iron Pty Ltd	100%

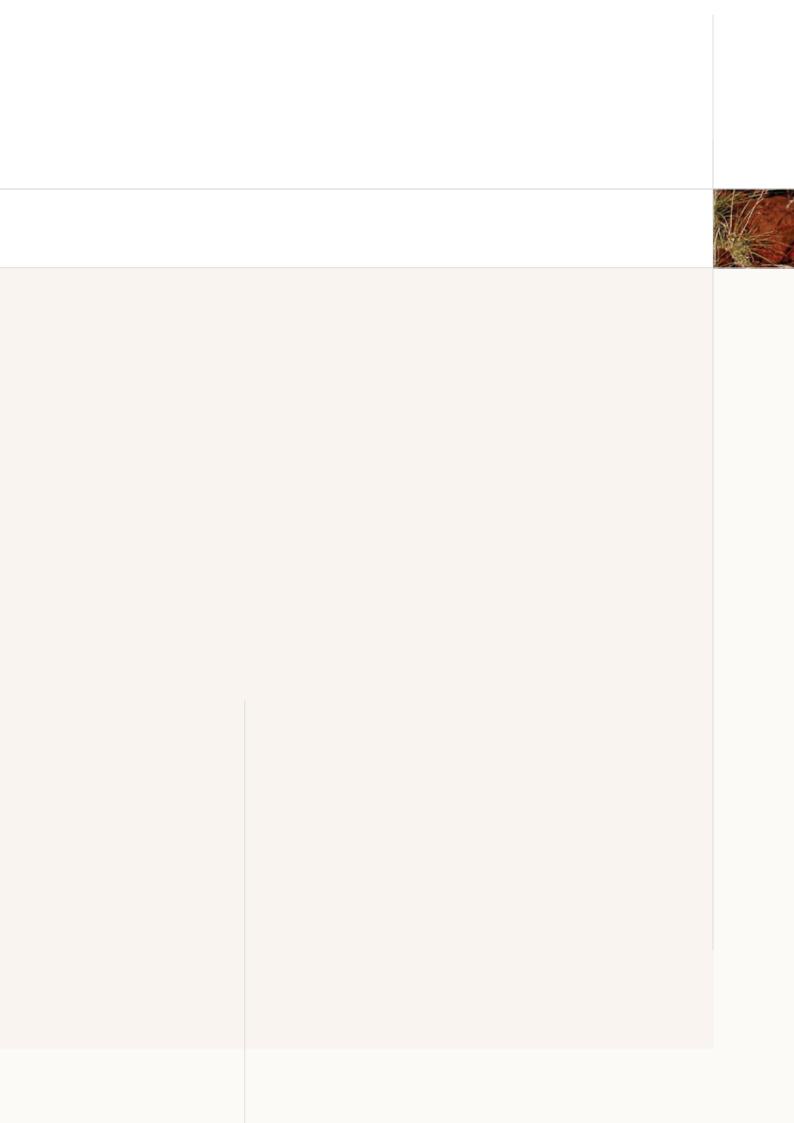
⁽¹⁾ Alkane Exploration Ltd changed its name to Alkane Resources Ltd in June 2007.

The tenements are in the process of being transferred to BC Iron Limited which has caveats lodged against each of them.



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